



## Static GK MCQ Session! # GEOGRAPHY



















Which of the following is the world's largest inland body of water, variously classed as the world's largest lake?

- A. Chilika Lake
- B. Red Sea
- C. Caspian Sea
- D. Lake Superior



Source: ifpnews.com

#### **Points to Know (PTN):**

Area: 371,000 km<sup>2</sup>

Caspian Sea is experiencing a devastating decline in its water level that is about to accelerate. By the end of the century, Caspian Sea will be 9m to 18m lower.



Which of the following states of India has the largest forest cover as percentage of total geographical area?

- A. Madhya Pradesh
- B. Arunachal Pradesh
- C. Mizoram
- D. Maharashtra



Source: pib.gov.in

#### PTN:

Area-wise Madhya Pradesh has the largest forest cover in the country followed by Arunachal Pradesh, Chhattisgarh, Odisha and Maharashtra, but in terms of forest cover as percentage of total geographical area, Mizoram tops the list (85.41%).



Which of the following states/UTs of India is located in "Zone-V", the highest-risk seismic zone in India?

- A. Karnataka
- B. Goa
- C. Jammu & Kashmir
- D. Madhya Pradesh

#### PTN:

Bureau of Indian Standards grouped the country into four seismic zones. The regions of Kashmir, the Western & Central Himalayas, North & Middle Bihar, the North-East Indian region, the Rann of Kutch and the Andaman & Nicobar islands fall in this zone-V.



#### The strait of Gibraltar connects which of the following?

- A. Andaman Sea & South China Sea
- B. Red Sea & Mediterranean Sea
- C. Atlantic Ocean & Mediterranean Sea
- D. Gulf of Mexico and Caribbean Sea



Source: worldsoccertalk.com

#### PTN:

A Strait is a narrow channel of the sea joining two larger bodies of water. The Strait of Gibraltar is located between the countries of Spain and Morocco. Gibraltar is a heavily fortified British air and naval base that guards the Strait of Gibraltar, which is the only entrance to the Mediterranean Sea.



To how many nautical miles does the sovereignty of India extends in the sea water?

- A. 24 nautical miles
- B. 12 nautical miles
- C. 8 nautical miles
- D. 18 nautical miles

#### PTN:

Every State has the right to establish the breadth of its territorial sea up to a limit not exceeding 12 nautical miles, measured from baselines determined in accordance with UN Convention. The coastal state exercises sovereignty over its territorial sea, the airspace above it, and the seabed and subsoil beneath it.



#### Which of the following lakes is also known as the 'floating lake of India'?

- A. Dal Lake
- B. Pulicat Lake
- C. Wular Lake
- D. Loktak Lake



Source: NASA Earth Observatory

#### PTN:

Located in Manipur, Loktak Lake is not only the largest freshwater lake in northeast India, it is also home to unique floating islands called "phumdis". These circular landmasses are made of vegetation, soil, and organic matter.



#### Which of the following pair of rivers doesn't flow into the Bay of Bengal?

- A. Narmada and Tapi
- B. Narmada and Kaveri
- C. Godawari and Krishna
- D. Tapi and Kaveri



#### PTN:

The Narmada and the Tapi (which is also called 'Tapti') are the only major rivers of India that empty themselves in the Arabian Sea.



In which of the following islands of India is an active volcano found?

- A. Havelock Island
- B. Car Nicobar Island
- C. Great Nicobar
- D. Barren Island

#### PTN:

Barren Island of the Andaman & Nicobar Island group is the only active volcano not just in India but the whole of South Asia.

Indira Point in Great Nicobar is the Southern-most point of India.



World's longest highway tunnel – 'Atal Tunnel' is built across which of the following mountain ranges?

- A. Karakoram
- B. Pir Panjal
- C. Aravalli
- D. Zanskar

# SASE field locations RANGE PIR. PANUSAL RANGE 75°00"E 78°00"E

Source: Researchgate

#### PTN:

Pir Pinjal is a group of mountains in the Lesser Himalayan region, running from east-southeast (ESE) to west-northwest (WNW) across the Indian state of Himachal Pradesh and UT Jammu & Kashmir. Atal Tunnel is built with ultra-modern specifications in the Pir Panjal range of Himalayas at an altitude of 3000 Mtrs.



Which of the following instruments is used to measure the speed, direction and pressure of the wind?

- A. Anemometer
- B. Barometer
- C. Fathometer
- D. Hygrometer

#### PTN:

Barometer: Measures atmospheric pressure and conditions.

Fathometer: Measures depth of the ocean.

Hygrometer: Used to measure the moisture content or the humidity of air.



#### Greenland is a part of which of the following countries?

- A. Norway
- B. Sweden
- C. Denmark
- D. USA



Source: npr.org

#### PTN:

Greenland is the world's largest island and an autonomous Danish dependent territory. Denmark contributes two thirds of Greenland's budget revenue. President In 2019 Donald Trump has floated the idea of buying Greenland multiple times. Danish Prime Minister Mette Frederiksen has called the notion "absurd."



Which of these lines are drawn on a map to represent places having same cloud cover?

- A. Isobar
- B. Isopleth
- C. Isohume
- D. Isoneph

#### PTN:

Isohume: A line representing points of equal humidity.

Isobar: A line representing points of equal atmospheric pressure.

Isopleth: A line representing points of equal numerical value, such as population.

Isotherm: A line representing points of equal temperature. Isobath?



#### Which Indian state shares its border with Bangladesh on three sides/directions?

- A. West Bengal
- B. Mizoram
- C. Assam
- D. Tripura



Source: Pinterest



Name the highest waterfall in India in terms of height.

- A. Kunchikal Falls
- B. Barehipani Falls
- C. Nohkalikai Falls
- D. Dudhsagar Falls

#### PTN:

Kunchikal Falls in Shimoga District Karnataka is the highest waterfall in India with a height of 1493 feet. Angel Falls called Salto Angel in Venezuela with a height of 979 metres i.e. 3212 ft is the highest waterfall in the world.



#### Which of these Indian state is not crossed by the Tropic of Cancer?

- A. Gujarat
- B. Jharkhand
- C. Manipur
- D. West Bengal

#### <u>PTN:</u>

In India Tropic of Cancer passes through eight State namely Rajasthan, Gujarat, Madhya Pradesh, Chhattisgarh, Jharkhand, West Bengal, Tripura and Mizoram.



Source: Quor



Which of the following type of soils covers the highest percentage of land area in India?

- A. Black soil
- B. Red soil
- C. Laterite soil
- D. Alluvial soil

#### PTN:

Alluvial soils are widespread cover about 40 per cent of the total area of the country. Red, Black, Arid/desert soil follow the alluvial soil in terms of % cover.

#### Match the following:



#### Rivers

- A. Indus
- B. Ganga
- C. Godavari
- D. Narmada

#### Origin

- I. Uttarakhand
- 2. Tibet
- 3. Madhya Pradesh
- 4. Maharashtra

(a) 
$$A - 2$$
,  $B - 1$ ,  $C - 4$ ,  $D - 3$ 

(b) 
$$A - 4$$
,  $B - 3$ ,  $C - 2$ ,  $D - 1$ 

(c) 
$$A - I$$
,  $B - 2$ ,  $C - 3$ ,  $D - 4$ 

(d) 
$$A - 3$$
,  $B - 4$ ,  $C - 1$ ,  $D - 2$ 

#### PTN:

Mahanadi – Chhattisgarh

Krishna - Maharashtra

The river Godavari is often referred to as 'Vridha Ganga'.



#### Daman and Diu are separated by \_\_\_\_\_?

- A. Narmada River
- B. Gir Hills
- C. Gulf of Khambat
- D. Tapi River



Source: GKToday

#### PTN:

A gulf is a portion of the ocean that penetrates land.



#### **Assignment:**

- 1. Name the atmospheric layer which is closest to the earth's surface.
- 2. Kodaikanal, a famous hill-station of South India is situated on which hill?
- 3. Which Indian state has the longest coastline?
- 4. Name all the Indian states/UTs which share borders with China?

### Thanks a lot for watching!



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